Name
Topic 3 - Moles and Stoichiometry
$\qquad$ 1. What type of reaction best describes the following chemical equation?
$2 \mathrm{AlCl}_{3(\mathrm{aq})}+3 \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3(\mathrm{aq)}}-->$

$$
\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CO}_{3}\right)_{3(\mathrm{~s})}+6 \mathrm{NaCl}_{(\mathrm{aq})}
$$

1) double replacement
2) decomposition
3) single replacement
4) synthesis
2. Which 1.0 L sample has the greatest mass at STP?
1) $\mathrm{CO}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}$
2) $\mathrm{H}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}$
3) $\mathrm{Cl}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}$
4) $\mathrm{CH}_{4(\mathrm{~g})}$
3. Given the balanced equation

$$
\mathrm{Cl}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}+2 \mathrm{KBr}_{(\mathrm{aq})}-->\mathrm{X}+\mathrm{Br}_{2(\mathrm{l})}
$$

What represents the missing product $X$ ?

1) $2 \mathrm{KCl}_{(\mathrm{aq})}$
2) $\mathrm{Cl}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}$
3) $2 \mathrm{~K}_{\text {(aq) }}$
4) $2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{(\mathrm{g})}$
4. Which compound has the same empirical and molecular formula?
1) methane
2) ethane
3) acetylene
4) ethene
5. What is the percent by mass of water in the hydrate $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} \cdot 10 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (formula mass = 286)?
1) $214.5 \%$
2) $6.89 \%$
3) $62.9 \%$
4) $26.1 \%$
6. Given the reaction:
$2 \mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}-->\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
What is the total number of moles of NaOH needed to react completely with 2 moles of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ ?
1) 2
2) 0.5
3) 2
4) 4
7. What is the total number of moles contained in 115 grams of $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$ ?
1) 1.00
2) 3.00
3) 2.50
4) 1.50
8. What is the mass, in grams, of 1.0 mole of $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ ?
1) 54 g
2) $64 g$
3) 68 g
4) 50 g
9. The percent by mass of oxygen in $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ is equal to
A) $\frac{90}{64} \times 100$
B) $\frac{4}{8} \times 100$
C) $\frac{64}{90} \times 100$
D) $\frac{8}{4} \times 100$
10. The diagram below shows the data collected during the heating of a 5.0 gram sample of a hydrated salt.

| Mass of <br> Salt(grams) | Heating <br> Time <br> (minutes) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5.0 | 0.0 |
| 4.1 | 5.0 |
| 3.1 | 10 |
| 3.0 | 15 |
| 3.0 | 30 |
| 3.0 | 60 |

What is the percent water in the original sample?

1) $60 \%$
2) $82 \%$
3) $40 \%$
4) $30 \%$
11. Which equation illustrates conservation of mass?
1) $\mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{Cl}_{2}-->2 \mathrm{HCl}$
2) $\mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2}-->\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
3) $\mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{Cl}_{2}-->\mathrm{HCl}$
4) $\mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2}-->\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
12. What is the gram formula mass of $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$ ?
1) 149 g
2) 404 g
3) 121 g
4) 113 g
13. A compound contains $40 \%$ calcium, $12 \%$ carbon, and $48 \%$ oxygen. What is the empirical formula of this compound?
1) $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$
2) $\mathrm{CaC}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
3) $\mathrm{CaC}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{6}$
4) $\mathrm{CaCO}_{2}$
14. A compound with an empirical formula of $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ has a molecular mass of 70 . What is the molecular formula?
1) $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{8}$
2) $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4}$
3) $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{10}$
4) $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$
15. When the equation:
$\mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{Fe}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}--\mathrm{Fe}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
is completely balanced using the smallest whole numbers, the coefficient of $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ would be
1) 1
2) 2
3) 3
4) 4
16. What is the total mass of oxygen, in grams, in 1.00 mole of $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CrO}_{4}\right)_{3}$ ?
1) 64.0 g
2) 192 g
3) 112 g
4) 48.0 g
17. What is the percent by mass of hydrogen in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$ (formula mass $=60$.)?
1) $1.7 \%$
2) $7.1 \%$
3) $6,7 \%$
4) $5.0 \%$
18. What is the percent by mass of oxygen in $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$ ?
1) 22
2) 74
3) 43 4) 16
$\qquad$ 19. What is the ratio by mass of carbon to hydrogen in the compound $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}$ ?
4) $1: 4$
5) $4: 1$
6) $2: 6$
7) $6: 2$
20. Which substance has the greatest molecular mass?
1) NO
2) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
3) $\mathrm{CF}_{4}$
4) $I_{2}$
21. What is the percent by mass of aluminum in $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ ?
1) 52.9
2) 35.4
3) 18.9
4) 47.1
22. Which of the following is a correctly balanced equation for a reaction between hydrogen gas and oxygen gas?
1) $2 \mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2}-->2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
2) $2 \mathrm{H}_{2}+2 \mathrm{O}_{2}-->\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
3) $\mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2}-->2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
4) $\mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2}-->\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

23 Given the reaction:
$2 \mathrm{CO}+\mathrm{O}_{2}-->2 \mathrm{CO}_{2}$
What is the minimum number of moles of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ required to produce one mole of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ ?

1) 2.0
2) 0.25
3) 0.50
4) 1.0
24. What is the total number of oxygen atoms present in 1 mole of $\mathrm{Mg}\left(\mathrm{ClO}_{3}\right)_{2}$ ?
1) 6
2) 3
3) 2
4) 5
25. The particle diagram below represents a mixture of reactants.


Which diagram for the products of the reaction shows the Law of Conservation of Mass?
A)

B)

C)


26. The data below was obtained by a student in order to determine the percent of water in a hydrate:
Mass of the Hydrate $=5.0 \mathrm{~g}$
Mass of the anhydrous compound $=3.2 \mathrm{~g}$
What is the percent water in a hydrate?

1) $64 \%$
2) $56 \%$
3) $22 \%$
4) $36 \%$
27. A compound is $86 \%$ carbon and $14 \%$ hydrogen by mass. What is the empirical formula of the compound?
1) $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$
2) $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
3) CH
4) $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$
28. The chemical reaction
$4 \mathrm{Na}_{(\mathrm{s})}+\mathrm{O}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}-->2 \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{(\mathrm{s})}$
is best described as a
1) decomposition reaction
2) double replacement reaction
3) synthesis reaction
4) single replacement reaction
29. What type of reaction is illustrated by the following chemical equation?
$2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{(\mathrm{l})}-->2 \mathrm{H}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}+\mathrm{O}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}$
1) decomposition
2) double replacement
3) synthesis
4) single replacement
30. What is the empirical formula of the compound whose molecular formula is $\mathrm{P}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{10}$ ?
1) PO
2) $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$
3) $\mathrm{PO}_{2}$
4) $\mathrm{P}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{20}$
31. A compound has the empirical formula $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$. Its molecular formula could be
1) $\mathrm{N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
2) $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
3) $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
4) $\mathrm{N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
32. What is the empirical formula of a compound whose composition by mass is $40 . \%$ sulfur and $60 . \%$ oxygen?
1) $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$
2) $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
3) $\mathrm{SO}_{3}$
4) $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$
33. The percent by mass of nitrogen in $\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{CN})_{2}$ is equal to
A) $\frac{28}{76} \times 100$
B) $\frac{14}{76} \times 100$
C) $\frac{14}{50} \times 100$
D) $\frac{28}{50} \times 100$
34. When the equation
$\ldots \mathrm{Na}_{(\mathrm{s})}+\ldots \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{(\mathrm{l})}-->{ }_{-} \mathrm{NaOH}_{(\mathrm{aq})}+\ldots \mathrm{H}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}$ is correctly balanced using the smallest whole numbers, the coefficient of water is
1) 1
2) 2
3) 3
4) 4
35. When the equation
$\mathrm{Al}_{(\mathrm{s})}+\ldots \mathrm{O}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}-->\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3(\mathrm{~s})}$
is correctly balanced using the smallest whole numbers, the coefficient of $\mathrm{Al}_{(\mathrm{s})}$ is
1) 1
2) 2
3) 3
4) 4
36. Given the reaction:
$\mathrm{N}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}<-->2 \mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{~g})$
What is the ratio of moles of $\mathrm{H}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}$ consumed to moles of $\mathrm{NH}_{3(\mathrm{~g})}$ produced?
1) $1: 2$
2) $3: 2$
3) $2: 3$
4) $6: 6$
37. The empirical formula of a compound is $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and the molecular mass is 180 . What is the molecular formula of the compound?
1) $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
2) $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
3) $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
4) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$
___38. The chemical reaction
$\mathrm{Zn}_{(\mathrm{s})}+\mathrm{CuSO}_{4(\mathrm{aq})}-->\mathrm{ZnSO}_{4(\mathrm{aq})}+\mathrm{Cu}_{(\mathrm{s})}$ is best described as a
5) synthesis reaction
6) combustion reaction
7) double replacement reaction
8) single replacement reaction

## Constructed Response Questions

1. What is the gram formula mass of $\mathrm{Ca}_{3}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}$ ? [Round atomic masses from the periodic table to the nearest whole number. Show ALL work.]
2. In a laboratory experiment, a student determined the mass of the product, $\mathrm{KCl}_{(\mathrm{s})}$, to be 2.65 grams.
a. Calculated the gram formula mass of $\mathrm{KCl}_{(\mathrm{s})}$.
b. Calculate the number of moles of $\mathrm{KCl}_{(s)}$ produced. [Show ALL work. Indicate the correct answer with an appropriate unit.]
3. Acetylene, $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2}$, is a colorless gas which burns with a brilliant flame. Acetylene torches are used by welders for cutting and soldering metals. Acetylene is produced by the reaction of calcium carbide, $\mathrm{CaC}_{2}$, in water according to the following equation:

$$
\mathrm{CaC}_{2(\mathrm{~s})}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{(\mathrm{l})}-->\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}+\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2(\mathrm{aq})}
$$

How many moles of $\mathrm{CaC}_{2 \text { (s) }}$ must react with water to produce 2.25 moles $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}$ ?
4. The empirical formula of a compound is $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ and the molecular mass is 92.0 grams. What is the molecular formula of this compound? [Show ALL work.]
5. What is the percent by mass of zinc in $\mathrm{ZnCO}_{3}$ ? [Show ALL work.]
6. What is the percent by mass of water in $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S} \cdot 9 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ? [Show ALL work.]
7. Balance the following equation using the smallest whole number coefficients.

$$
\ldots \ldots \mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3(\mathrm{~s})}+\ldots \ldots \mathrm{CO}_{(\mathrm{g})}-->\ldots \ldots \mathrm{Fe}_{(\mathrm{l})}+\ldots \ldots \mathrm{CO}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}
$$

8. Balance the following equation using the smallest whole number coefficients.

$$
\ldots \quad \mathrm{N}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}+\ldots \mathrm{O}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}-->\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5(\mathrm{~g})}
$$

9. In the laboratory, a student performed an experiment to determine the percent by mass of water in a hydrate. The following data was recorded.

| Mass of empty crucible + cover | 11.70 g |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mass of crucible + cover + hydrated salt before heating | 14.90 g |
| Mass of crucible + cover + anhydrous salt after thorough heating | 14.53 g |

What is the approximate percent by mass of water in the hydrated salt. [Show ALL work.]

Questions 10 and 11 refer to the following:
Li and $\mathrm{KNO}_{3}$ react according to the following equation:

$$
\mathrm{Li}+\mathrm{KNO}_{3}-->\mathrm{LiNO}_{3}+X
$$

10. Write the formula for the missing product $X$.
11. What general type of reaction occurs between Li and $\mathrm{KNO}_{3}$ ?

Questions 12 through 14 refer to the following:
The night operator at ACME Chemical Company left a 1,000 gallon reactor half-full of aqueous NaOH solution. The next morning, the day shift supervisor thought the reactor was empty and added an aqueous solution of $\mathrm{AICl}_{3}$. Now, the employees cannot empty the reactor because a white solid is plugging the bottom outlet of the reactor.
NaOH and $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$ react according to the following equation:
$\ldots \mathrm{NaOH}_{(\mathrm{aq})}+\ldots \mathrm{AlCl}_{3(\mathrm{aq)}}-->\ldots \mathrm{NaCl}+\ldots \quad \mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}$
12. Balance the equation using the smallest whole number coefficients.
13. What general type of equation occurs between the NaOH and the $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$ ?
14.What is the chemical formula of the white solid that accumulated at the bottom of the reactor?
15. In the equation below, $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{CrO}_{4(\text { (aq) }}$ and $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2(\text { aq })}$ undergo a double replacement reaction to produce a yellow precipitate.

$$
\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{CrO}_{4(\mathrm{aq})}+\mathrm{BaCl}_{2(\mathrm{aq})}-->\underline{?}+\underline{?}
$$

Write the products that complete and balance the reaction.

