Unit 1.7 Periodic Trends

1.	Which atom in each set has the larger radius?	
	(a) Be or O	(d) O or As
	(b) Cu or Br	(e) Kr or K
	(c) F or I	(f) Ba or Li

- 2. Explain each of the following occurrences by referring to the structure of the atoms in question (energy levels, orbitals, protons, etc.).
 - (a) The atomic radius of oxygen is smaller than the atomic radius of carbon.
 - (b) The atomic radius of Mg is smaller than the atomic radius of Ca.
- 3. Mg^{2+} and F- are isoelectronic.
 - (a) Which ion has the smaller radius?
 - (b) Explain why the radii of these two ions are different sizes. Justify your claims.
- 4. Explain each of the following occurrences by referencing the structure of the atoms in question (energy levels, orbitals, protons, etc.).
 - a) The first ionization energy of Mg is 738.1 kJ/mol, while the first ionization energy of Al is only 577.9 kJ/mol.
 - b) The first ionization energy of Na is less than the first ionization energy of Cl.

- 5. Why do the halogens have a negative electron affinity value, while the noble gases have a positive electron affinity value?
- 6. Which element from each set is most electronegative?
 - 1. For C 3. Ga or O
 - 2. Al or Cl 4. Zn or K
- 7. Sulfur is more electronegative than calcium. Explain why this is and justify your claims using your knowledge of atomic structure.